

# Republic of the Philippines Supreme Court Manila



(139)

### THIRD DIVISION

## NOTICE

Sirs/Mesdames:

Please take notice that the Court, Third Division, issued a Resolution dated July 13, 2020, which reads as follows:

"G.R. No. 251410 (Jessie Pendre a.k.a. "Joselito Noceda Pendre," *Petitioner, v. People of the Philippines, Respondent*). – After review of the records, the Court resolves to DENY the appeal for failure to sufficiently show that the Court of Appeals (CA) committed any reversible error in its 14 June 2019 Decision and 16 January 2020 Resolution as to warrant the exercise of the Court's appellate jurisdiction.

Nevertheless, We modify the nomenclature of the offense committed from violation of Section 5(b) of Republic Act No. (RA) 7610 to acts of lasciviousness under Article 336 of the Revised Penal Code in relation to Section 5(b) of RA 7610. The award of damages imposed against the accused-appellant should be modified as well, in keeping with jurisprudence.<sup>1</sup> Accused-appellant is liable to pay AAA<sup>2</sup> the following amounts: Php50,000.00 as civil indemnity, Php50,000.00 as moral damages and Php50,000.00 as exemplary damages.

WHEREFORE, the appeal is hereby DENIED. Accordingly, the 14 June 2019 Decision and the 16 January 2020 Resolution of the Court of Appeals CA-G.R. CR No. 41187 are AFFIRMED WITH in **MODIFICATIONS.** Accused-appellant is hereby found guilty beyond reasonable doubt of the crime of Acts of Lasciviousness under Article 336 of the Revised Penal Code, in relation to Section 5(b), Article III of RA 7610. He is sentenced to suffer the indeterminate penalty of imprisonment of thirteen (13) years, nine (9) months and eleven (11) days of reclusion temporal, as minimum, to sixteen (16) years and five (5) months and ten (10)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>People v. Tulagan, G.R. No. 227363, 12 March 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The identity of the victim or any information which could establish or compromise her identity, including the names of her immediate family or household members, and the *barangay* and town of the incident, are withheld pursuant to SC Amended Administrative Circular No. 83-2015.

days of *reclusion temporal*, as maximum. Further, accused-appellant is liable to pay AAA the following amounts: Php50,000.00 as civil indemnity, Php50,000.00 as moral damages, Php50,000.00 as exemplary damages and Php15,000.00 fine. Likewise, all the amounts awarded shall be subject to six percent (6%) interest *per annum* from the date of the resolution until fully paid.<sup>3</sup>

### SO ORDERED."

#### By authority of the Court:

Mistoc Batt MISAEL DOMINGO C. BATTUNG III Division Clerk of Court MINNO

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR GENERAL 134 Amorsolo Street 1229 Legaspi Village, Makati City

COURT OF APPEALS CA G.R. CR No. 41187 1000 Manila

Atty. Monique B. Morales Special & Appealed Cases Service PUBLIC ATTORNEY'S OFFICE DOJ Agencies Building East Avenue cor. NIA Road 1104 Diliman, Quezon City

The Presiding Judge REGIONAL TRIAL COURT Branch 168, 1800 Marikina City

PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE Supreme Court, Manila [For uploading pursuant to A.M. 12-7-1-SC]

LIBRARY SERVICES Supreme Court, Manila

Judgment Division JUDICIAL RECORDS OFFICE Supreme Court, Manila

G.R. No. 251410

/joy



<sup>3</sup>Nacar v. Gallery Frames, G.R. No. 189871, 13 August 2013.