SUPREME COURT OF THE PHILIPPINES		
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Republic of the Philippines Supreme Court Manila

SECOND DIVISION

FILOMENA L. VILLANUEVA, Petitioner, G.R. No. 237738

- versus -

PEOPLE OF THE PHILIPPINES,

Respondent.

Present:

CARPIO, J., Chairperson, PERLAS-BERNABE, CAGUIOA, J. REYES, JR.,^{*} and LAZARO-JAVIER, JJ.

Promulgated:

10 JUN 2019

DECISION

PERLAS-BERNABE, J.:

Before this Court is a petition for review on *certiorari*¹ seeking to annul the Decision² dated November 3, 2017 of the Sandiganbayan (SB) in SB-11-A/R/0002 which affirmed the Resolution³ dated November 22, 2007 of the Regional Trial Court of Sanchez Mira, Cagayan, Branch 12 (RTC) in Criminal Case No. 3082-(S) upholding the conviction of petitioner Filomena L. Villanueva (petitioner) for violation of Section 7 (d) of Republic Act No. (RA) 6713, ⁴ otherwise known as the "Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees."

On leave.

Rollo, pp. 9-26.

² Id. at 27-33. Penned by Associate Justice Bayani H. Jacinto with Associate Justices Alex L. Quiroz and Reynaldo P. Cruz, concurring.

³ Id. at 49-65. Penned by Executive Judge Leo S. Reyes.

⁴ Entitled "AN ACT ESTABLISHING A CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES, TO UPHOLD THE TIME-HONORED PRINCIPLE OF PUBLIC OFFICE BEING A PUBLIC TRUST, GRANTING INCENTIVES AND REWARDS FOR EXEMPLARY SERVICE, ENUMERATING PROHIBITED ACTS AND TRANSACTIONS AND PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS THEREOF AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES," approved on February 20, 1989.

The Facts

This case stemmed from an Information for violation of Section 7 (d) of RA 6713 before the First Municipal Circuit Trial Court of Claveria-Sta. Praxedes, Claveria, Cagayan (MCTC).⁵ According to the prosecution, petitioner was the Assistant Regional Director of the Cooperative Development Authority (CDA) for Region II. While in the performance of her official functions, as well as by taking advantage of her office, she willfully obtained a ₱1,000,000.00 loan from the Claveria Agri-Based Multi-Purpose Cooperative, Incorporated (CABMPCI), thereby violating the public aforesaid provision of law which prohibits/disallows officials/employees from directly/indirectly accepting/soliciting any loan or anything of monetary value from any person in the course of their official duties or in connection with any operation being regulated by, or any transaction which may be affected by the functions of their office, to the prejudice of the government and public interest.⁶

In her defense, petitioner maintained that the loans⁷ were obtained by virtue of her membership in CABMPCI, and that the same had already been paid. Notably, she claimed that notwithstanding her position in the CDA, she was nevertheless allowed under RA 6938, ⁸ otherwise known as the "Cooperative Code of the Philippines," to become a member of a cooperative. Hence, she asserted that she may enjoy her rights incidental to her membership in CABMPCI, and consequently, allowed to obtain loans.⁹

The MCTC Ruling

In a Decision¹⁰ dated March 24, 2006, the MCTC found petitioner guilty beyond reasonable doubt of violating Section 7 (d) of RA 6713, and accordingly, sentenced her to suffer the penalty of five (5) years of imprisonment and disqualification to hold office, with costs of suit. It ruled that petitioner applied for the subject loans while she was the Assistant Regional Director of the CDA in Region II, and that the said loans would not have been granted were it not for her position in the CDA. According to the MCTC, the loan was extended because of petitioner's moral ascendancy over CABMPCI.¹¹

Aggrieved, petitioner appealed to the RTC.

⁸ Entitled "AN ACT TO ORDAIN A COOPERATIVE CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES," approved on March 10, 1990.
⁹ *Rollo*, p. 28.

⁵ *Rollo*, pp. 36-37.

⁶ Id. at 28.

⁷ Based on the records, while the Information only alleges a ₱1,000,000.00 loan, petitioner admittedly took out another loan with CABMPCI in the amount of ₱50,000.00. See id. at 38-39.

¹⁰ Id. at 36-42. Penned by Judge Conrado A. Ruiz.

¹¹ Id. at 41-42.

The RTC Ruling

In a Resolution¹² dated November 22, 2007, the RTC affirmed petitioner's conviction.¹³ It upheld the MCTC's finding that petitioner "exploited her position x x x in directly, if not indirectly soliciting, if not, accepting a loan from CABMPCI" in the whopping amount of P1,000,000.00 in the course of her official duties, and in an operation being regulated by her.¹⁴ Further, the RTC noted that even if petitioner did indeed pay the subject loans, the same did not change the fact that her act of accepting/soliciting the loan has been consummated.¹⁵

Undaunted, petitioner appealed to the SB.

The SB Ruling

In a Decision¹⁶ dated November 3, 2017, the SB affirmed the rulings of the courts *a quo*. It ruled that all the elements for violation of Section 7 (d) of RA 6713 were proven, adding too that based on existing jurisprudence, the prohibition to, among others, obtain loans from cooperatives falling under the CDA's authority remains applicable to her notwithstanding her membership.¹⁷

Dissatisfied, petitioner moved for reconsideration, which was denied in a Resolution¹⁸ dated February 2, 2018; hence, this appeal.

The Issue Before the Court

The issue before the Court is whether or not the SB erred in upholding the conviction of petitioner for violation of Section 7 (d) of RA 6713.

The Court's Ruling

Section 7 (d) of RA 6713 provides that:

Section 7. Prohibited Acts and Transactions. – In addition to acts and omissions of public officials and employees now prescribed in the Constitution and existing laws, the following shall constitute prohibited

¹² Id. at 49-65.

¹⁴ Id. at 64.

¹⁷ Id. at 30-32.

¹³ Id. at 64-65.

¹⁵ Id. at 64-65.

¹⁶ Id. at 27-33.

¹⁸ Id. at 34-35.

acts and transactions of any public official and employee and are hereby declared to be unlawful:

XXXX

(d) Solicitation or acceptance of gifts. – Public officials and employees shall not solicit or accept, directly or indirectly, any gift, gratuity, favor, entertainment, <u>loan or anything of monetary value</u> from any person in the course of their official duties or in connection with any operation being regulated by, or any transaction which may be affected by the functions of their office. (Emphases and underscoring supplied).

In order to sustain a conviction for violation of Section 7 (d) of RA 6713, the following elements must be proved with moral certainty: (a) that the accused is a public official or employee; (b) that the accused solicited or accepted any loan or anything of monetary value from any person; and (c) that the said act was done in the course of the accused's official duties or in connection with any operation being regulated by, or any transaction which may be affected by the functions of his office.

In this case, the prosecution was able to establish all the foregoing elements, considering that: (a) at the time the subject loans were obtained, petitioner was a public official; (b) she solicited and accepted the subject loans from CABMPCI, which was a cooperative that was being regulated by her office; and (c) based on her own admission, the subject loans were obtained from CABMPCI, the transactions and operations of which are regulated by the functions of petitioner's office. This latter point was effectively admitted by petitioner during trial, to wit:

Q (Defense Counsel). Now, madam witness, where are you presently assigned?

A (Petitioner). I am presently assigned as Assistant Regional Director of CDA Regional Office, Sir.

 $\mathbf{X} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{X}$

Q. Will you please state your duties and responsibilities as Assistant Regional Director of the CDA?

A. Among my duties are, <u>I assist the Regional Director in the</u> implementation of the programs of the CDA and I assist the Regional Director in the general supervision of the general services and the technical staff and including the field operations, sir.

Q. Madam witness, from the duties and responsibilities which you mentioned, I would like to ask whether or not it is within the coverage of your authority as Assistant Regional Director of the CDA, whether you regulate or oversee the functions of the Cooperatives in your area?

A. We are only regulating the cooperatives in some aspects like their audited financial statements and some other... They are private in nature.¹⁹ (Emphases and underscoring supplied)

That RA 6938, otherwise known as the "Cooperative Code of the Philippines," makes membership in cooperatives "[a]vailable to all individuals regardless of their social, political, racial or religious background or beliefs,"²⁰ does not accord petitioner, by virtue of the functions of her office, complete freedom in any of her personal transactions with any cooperative despite her membership therein. As observed by the Court in *Martinez v. Villanueva*,²¹ the limitation of CDA officials and employees to obtain loans from cooperatives is but a necessary consequence of the privilege of holding their public office, *viz.*:

True, R.A. No. 6938 allows CDA officials and employees to become members of cooperatives and enjoy the privileges and benefits attendant to membership. However, R.A. No. 6938 should not be taken as creating in favor of CDA officials and employees an exemption from the coverage of Section 7 (d), R.A. No. 6713 considering that the benefits and privileges attendant to membership in a cooperative are not confined solely to availing of loans and not all cooperatives are established for the sole purpose of providing credit facilities to their members. Thus, the limitation on the benefits which respondent may enjoy in connection with her alleged membership in CABMPCI does not lead to absurd results and does not render naught membership in the cooperative or render R.A. No. 6938 ineffectual, contrary to respondent's assertions. We find that such limitation is but a necessary consequence of the privilege of holding a public office and is akin to the other limitations that, although interfering with a public servant's private rights, are nonetheless deemed valid in light of the public trust nature of public employment.²² (Emphasis and underscoring supplied)

The overarching policy objective of RA 6713 is "to promote a high standard of ethics in public service."²³ Accordingly, certain acts which violate these ethics, such as that provided under Section 7 (d), have been declared unlawful and accordingly, classified as *mala prohibita*.²⁴ Notably, RA 6713 exhorts that "[p]ublic officials and employees shall always uphold

Article 4 (1) of RA 6938 states:

(1) Open and Voluntary Membership. - Membership in a cooperative shall be voluntary and available to all individuals regardless of their social, political, racial or religious background or beliefs.

²¹ 669 Phil. 14 (2011).

²² Id. at 28-29.

²³ See Section 2, RA 6713.

²⁴ Supra note 21.

¹⁹ *Rollo*, pp. 31-32.

Article 4. Cooperative Principles. – Every cooperative shall conduct its affairs in accordance with Filipino culture and experience and the universally accepted principles of cooperation which include the following:

the public interest over and above personal interest."²⁵ Thus, public officials do not enjoy the same autonomy as that of private individuals, and hence, usually normal transactions such as that of obtaining loans – as in this case – come with necessary restrictions whereby personal interests take a back seat for the sake of preserving the pristine image and unqualified integrity of one's public office.

Therefore, in view of the foregoing, the Court upholds petitioner's conviction for violation of Section 7 (d) of RA 6713.

However, the Court deems it appropriate to modify the penalty imposed against petitioner, considering that the penalty of five (5) years imprisonment – the maximum prison sentence under the law – is not commensurate to the gravity of her offense, which is essentially, the act of obtaining loans from an entity whose transactions and operations ordinarily fall under the regulatory powers of her office.²⁶ To be sure, Section 11 of RA 6713 provides that a violation of Section 7, among others, shall be punishable with imprisonment not exceeding five (5) years, or a fine not exceeding five thousand pesos (P5,000), or both, and, in the discretion of the court of competent jurisdiction, disqualification to hold public office. In light of the above-stated circumstances and the fact that petitioner's acts were not shown to have been attended by any ill motive or bad faith, the Court deems it apt to instead, mete the maximum fine of P5,000.00.

WHEREFORE, the petition is PARTLY GRANTED. The Decision dated November 3, 2017 of the Sandiganbayan in SB-11-A/R/0002 is hereby AFFIRMED with MODIFICATION. Petitioner Filomena L. Villanueva is found GUILTY of violation of Section 7 (d) of RA 6713 and thereby, meted with the penalty of a fine of P5,000.00.

SO ORDERED.

ERNABE ESTELA M Associate Justice

²⁵ See Section 4 (a), RA 6713.

See Section 3 of RA 6939, entitled "AN ACT CREATING THE COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY TO PROMOTE THE VIABILITY AND GROWTH OF COOPERATIVES AS INSTRUMENTS OF EQUITY, SOCIAL JUSTICE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, DEFINING ITS POWERS, FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES, RATIONALIZING GOVERNMENT POLICIES AND AGENCIES WITH COOPERATIVE FUNCTIONS, SUPPORTING COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT, TRANSFERRING THE REGISTRATION AND REGULATION FUNCTIONS OF EXISTING GOVERNMENT AGENCIES ON COOPERATIVES AS SUCH AND CONSOLIDATING THE SAME WITH THE AUTHORITY, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES," (approved on March 10, 1990) which enumerates, among others, the regulatory powers of the CDA over cooperatives.

Decision

WE CONCUR: **ANTONIO T. CARP** Senior Associate Justice Chairperson ALFRE MIN S. CAGUIOA BF Justice ssociate

On leave JOSE C. REYES, JR. Associate Justice

AMY C LAZÁRO-JAVIER Associate Justice

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ATTESTATION

I attest that the conclusions in the above Decision had been reached in consultation before the case was assigned to the writer of the opinion of the Court's Division.

ANTONIO T. CARPIO Senior Associate Justice Chairperson, Second Division

CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Section 13, Article VIII of the Constitution, and the Division Chairperson's Attestation, I certify that the conclusions in the above Decision had been reached in consultation before the case was assigned to the writer of the opinion of the Court's Division.

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