

## MALACAÑANG MANILA

## BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

AIMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 105

REMOVING MR. BONIFACIO YUSON FROM OFFICE AS JUSTICE OF THE PEACE OF MANDAWE, CEBU.

This is an administrative case against Justice of the Peace Bonifacio Yuson of Mandawe, Gebu, for allegedly (1) receiving the Burnifacio Yuson of Mandawe, Gebu, for allegedly (1) receiving the Burnifacio Yuson of Mandawe, Gebu, for allegedly (1) receiving the Burnifacio Which was sum of F45 for his "services" in solemnizing a marriage which was declared null and void, (2) being irregular in his office attendance declared null and void, (2) being irregular in his office attendance declared of his teaching activities and (3) being involved in employment agency irregularities. The charges were investigated by ployment agency irregularities. The charges were investigated by the District Judge who found the respondent guilty under the first charge and innocent as to the rest.

The record shows the following facts duly established: On May 6, 1950, Rosario Ty and Tomas Torrefranca went to Mandawe, Cebu, to get married. When they were in the municipal building they signed, together with their two companions who acted as witnesses, a marriage contract in the absence of the respondent justice of the peace and afterwards returned to Cebu City. Thereafter of the peace and afterwards returned any more as she left for Rosario Ty did not see Tomas Torrefranca any more as she left for Leyte in the afternoon of the same day. About a week after arriving Leyte in the afternoon of the same day. About a week after arriving in Leyte she wrote Torrefranca, asking about the outcome of their in Leyte she wrote Torrefranca, asking about the outcome of their awife. Torrefranca in answer recounted his difficulties before a wife. Torrefranca in answer recounted his difficulties before a wife. Torrefranca in answer recounted his difficulties contract and he could get respondent's signature to their marriage contract and succeeded only after paying \$\frac{1}{2}\$5 through the respondent's clerk.

Respondent averred that the marriage was regularly solemnized by him and that he merely received the legal fee of F1 for his services, as confirmed by his clerk and Tomas Torrefranca. It is claimed that although the contracting parties signed the contract in his absence they subsequently acknowledged their signatures in his absence they subsequently acknowledged the marriage.

The defense of the respondent does not deserve credence. From the exchange of letters between Rosario Ty and Tomas Torrefranca it can be clearly inferred that these two did not consider themselves married and that the justice of the peace was not in themselves married and that the marriage contract in the presence his office and did not sign the marriage contract in the presence of the supposed contracting parties. Thus, Rosario in her note to Tomas said that she did not "feel like a wife" and she wanted to Tomas said that she did not "feel like a wife" and Tomas to know how their marriage came out "with the judge." And Tomas to know how their marriage came out "steel like a wife" and she wanted in his answer made the following revealing statement: "So I had

to secure the signature of the 'Court' by persuasion that the signatures appearing on the piece of paper were real and geniume - corroborated by the testimony of that who was required to appear (the clerk)."

Tomas' testimony for the respondent that he stated in his letter to Rosario that he gave the respondent 745 through the latter's clerk merely to make her believe that he had spent something for their marriage is preposterous. It does not tally with his letter to her after the alleged marriage in which he spoke of the justice of the peace as a crooked public servant.

In view of the foregoing, I agree with the Secretary of Justice and the investigator that there was no solemnization of marriage between Rosario Ty and Tomas Torrefranca by the respondent justice of the peace; that when the respondent signed the purported marriage contract the supposed parties thereto were not present; and that he signed the document for a considerant present; and that he signed the document for a consideration. Respondent has by his prevarications shown his unworthiness to hold a judicial office.

For the good of the service, Mr. Bonifacio Yuson should be, as he is hereby, removed from office as justice of the peace of Mandawe, Cebu, effective upon receipt of notice hereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and fifty-five, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the ninth.

By the President:

FRED RUIZ CASTRO